

Announced Inspection Report: Independent Healthcare

Service: ASthetics Medical Spa, Dumfries

Service Provider: Aileen Sutherland

30 October 2023



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1 A summary of our inspection

Background

Healthcare Improvement Scotland is the regulator of independent healthcare services in Scotland. As a part of this role, we undertake risk-based and intelligence-led inspections of independent healthcare services.

Our focus

The focus of our inspections is to ensure each service is person-centred, safe and well led. We evaluate the service against the National Health Services (Scotland) Act 1978 and regulations or orders made under the Act, its conditions of registration and Healthcare Improvement Scotland's Quality Assurance Framework. We ask questions about the provider's direction, its processes for the implementation and delivery of the service, and its results.

About our inspection

We carried out an online announced inspection to ASthetics Medical Spa (Dumfries) on Monday 30 October 2023. We spoke with the owner (practitioner). We received feedback from 32 patients through an online survey we had asked the service to issue to its patients for us before the inspection. This was our first inspection to this service.

Based in Dumfries, ASthetics Medical Spa (Dumfries) is an independent clinic providing non-surgical treatments.

The inspection team was made up of one inspector.

What we found and inspection grades awarded

For ASthetics Medical Spa (Dumfries), the following grades have been applied.

Direction	How clear is the service's vision and pu supportive is its leadership and culture	
Summary findings		Grade awarded
website. The owner and other and met regularly of the service's vision, air	was clearly highlighted on its therapist kept in contact with each to discuss the service. Yearly reviews ms and objectives should be should be formally recorded.	√√ Good
Implementation and delivery	How well does the service engage with and manage/improve its performance	
control. Patients had a nabout their experience. It process of informing paties been made due to their favailable both on the we management was address help demonstrate a process.	nnually with appropriate version umber of opportunities to feedback The service should further develop a tents of the improvements that have feedback. Treatment information was bsite and in the service. Risk seed however a risk register would ess of review. Clinical audits were of electronic patient care records	✓ Satisfactory
Results	How well has the service demonstrate safe, person-centred care?	d that it provides
The environment was clear Patients told us they felt treatments. Patient care process for checking staff be in place.	√√ Good	

Grades may change after this inspection due to other regulatory activity. For example, if we have to take enforcement action to improve the service or if we investigate and agree with a complaint someone makes about the service.

More information about grading can be found on our website at: http://www.healthcareimprovementscotland.org/our work/inspecting and regulating care/ihc inspection guidance/inspection methodology.aspx

Further information about the Quality Assurance Framework can also be found on our website at:

https://www.healthcareimprovementscotland.org/scrutiny/the quality assura nce system.aspx

What action we expect Aileen Sutherland to take after our inspection

The actions that Healthcare Improvement Scotland expects the independent healthcare service to take are called requirements and recommendations.

- Requirement: A requirement is a statement which sets out what is required
 of an independent healthcare provider to comply with the National Health
 Services (Scotland) Act 1978, regulations or a condition of registration.
 Where there are breaches of the Act, regulations or conditions, a
 requirement must be made. Requirements are enforceable.
- **Recommendation:** A recommendation is a statement which sets out what a service should do in order to align with relevant standards and guidance.

This inspection resulted in eight recommendations.

Direction			
Requirements			
	None		
Recommendations			
а	The service should further develop this into a documented yearly review of its performance in line with its vision, aims and objectives (see page 10).		
	Health and Social Care Standards: My support, my life. I have confidence in the organisation providing my care and support. Statement 4.19		
b	The service should develop a process of formal staff meetings and document the action associated with these (see page 10).		
	Health and Social Care Standards: My support, my life. I have confidence in the organisation providing my care and support. Statement 4.19		

Implementation and delivery

Requirements

None

Recommendations

- **c** The service should develop a process of informing patients of the impact their feedback has on the service (see page 12).
 - Health and Social Care Standards: My support, my life. I have confidence in the organisation providing my care and support. Statement 4.19
- **d** The service should ensure it uses its own cleaning equipment to clean the service (see page 14).
 - Health and Social Care Standards: My support, my life. I have confidence in the organisation providing my care and support. Statement 4.11
- **e** The service should develop checklists to demonstrate the cleaning process and the regular checks carried out on single-use equipment (see page 14).
 - Health and Social Care Standards: My support, my life. I have confidence in the organisation providing my care and support. Statement 4.19
- **f** The service should publish a yearly duty of candour report (see page 14).
 - Health and Social Care Standards: My support, my life. I have confidence in the organisation providing my care and support. Statement 4.19
- **g** The service should further expand the risk assessments completed and these should be stored as a risk register (see page 15).
 - Health and Social Care Standards: My support, my life. I have confidence in the organisation providing my care and support. Statement 4.19

Results

Requirements

None

Recommendation

h The service should develop a process of checking the insurance policy of staff working under practicing privileges every year (see page 17).

Health and Social Care Standards: My support, my life. I have confidence in the organisation providing my care and support. Statement 4.19

An improvement action plan has been developed by the provider and is available on the Healthcare Improvement Scotland website:

www.healthcareimprovementscotland.org/our work/inspecting and regulating care/independent healthcare/find a provider or service.aspx

We would like to thank all staff at ASthetics Medical Spa (Dumfries) for their assistance during the inspection.

2 What we found during our inspection

Key Focus Area: Direction

Domain 1: Clear vision and purpose Domain 2: Leadership and culture

How clear is the service's vision and purpose and how supportive is its leadership and culture?

Our findings

The vision of the service was clearly highlighted on its website. The owner and therapist kept in contact with each other and met regularly to discuss the service. Yearly reviews of the service's vision, aims and objectives should be recorded. Staff meetings should be formally recorded.

Clear vision and purpose

The purpose and aim of the service was clearly defined on its website. We were told the service prides itself on an in-depth consultation which includes discussions on lifestyle, expectations and skin care. The service aimed to go on a journey with the patient to support and develop a more confident individual through providing guidance, information and advanced skincare.

Treatments in the service were appointment-only and a high number of patients were returning customers. The owner (practitioner) told us they aimed to have an open conversation about the patient's expectations and requirements. They told us that that the initial consultation, at no cost to the patient, was deliberately longer to allow time for the discussions. Patients were given information about the treatment options available and given skincare samples to try at home. Patients were often given access to a recognised aesthetic company's portal to allow them to buy recommended products.

The owner (practitioner) kept in regular contact with patients through text or over the telephone after treatment in the service.

What needs to improve

We were told that the service reviewed its vision statement, aims and objectives. We were told it reviewed policies and processes, incidents, number of returning patients and patient feedback to assess this. However, the outcome of these reviews was not recorded (recommendation a).

■ No requirements.

Recommendation a

■ The service should further develop this into a documented yearly review of its performance in line with its vision, aims and objectives.

Leadership and culture

The owner of the service is a registered nurse, qualified as an independent prescriber. A self-employed beauty therapist also worked in the service as a skin specialist.

We were told that both staff worked well together. They would have regular catch-ups either remotely or face-to-face and talk through work experiences or any issues. They would attend conferences together and the owner (practitioner) supported the therapist with ongoing professional development, such as training in new treatments.

The practitioner provided treatments at this service once a week. When required, the beauty therapist would attend to give individual advanced skin care advice.

What needs to improve

The service did not document regular staff meetings or develop associated action plans (recommendation b).

■ No requirements.

Recommendation b

■ The service should develop a process of formal staff meetings and document the action associated with these.

Key Focus Area: Implementation and delivery

Domain 3: Domain 4: Domain 5: Co-design, co-production Quality improvement Planning for quality

How well does the service engage with its stakeholders and manage/improve its performance?

Our findings

Clear processes and procedures were in place. Policies were reviewed every year, with appropriate version control. Patients could feed back about their experience. Treatment information was available on the website and in the service. Clinical audits were completed. Improvements made after feedback should be shared with patients. A risk register should be developed and implemented.

Co-design, co-production (patients, staff and stakeholder engagement)

The service had an up-to-date patient involvement and participation policy in place.

Patients were emailed to ask them to submit a review of their experience following a treatment. They also had an opportunity to do this in the service itself using a QR code. The practitioner had recently sent out an online survey link, where patients were asked what they enjoyed most about the service and what they would like to see improve. We saw the majority of responses were positive.

A variety of information leaflets were available for patients in service, including information about treatments and on aspects of health, such as stress management and hydration. The service was advertised in a number of local community publications and on social media pages.

The service's quality improvement plan documented that patient feedback had impacted on improvements in the service. This had resulted in an updated website and the service had made sure that treatment information and prices were more readily accessible.

What needs to improve

We saw evidence that feedback was obtained in a variety of ways. However, the service should further develop its process of keeping patients informed of the impact their feedback had (recommendation c).

No requirements.

Recommendation c

■ The service should develop a process of informing patients of the impact their feedback has on the service.

Quality improvement

We saw that the service clearly displayed its Healthcare Improvement Scotland registration certificate and was providing care in line with its agreed conditions of registration.

The service manager fully understood the process of notifying Healthcare Improvement Scotland of any incidents or changes to the service.

A range of policies were in place with an appropriate version-control process. Policies were updated every 3 years or when guidance changed. This included policies in:

- · dealing with emergencies
- infection prevention and control
- medicine management policy, and
- safeguarding.

Appropriate cleaning products and equipment were used.

The service had a good supply of single-use equipment available, used to prevent the risk of cross-infection. A contract was in place with a waste management company for the collection and safe disposal of clinical waste, used syringes and needles. We saw appropriate sharps bins were used.

We saw a process of ordering medicines in place in the service. Patients' prescription-only medicines were not held in stock on the premises. All medications were ordered from appropriately registered suppliers. Most treatments were prescribed and ordered for individual patients. The service did not have a fridge in this service and a cool bag was used to transport medicines requiring refrigeration between the services. An appropriate thermostat system in place to record the temperature of the bag and to make sure medications were maintained at the correct temperature. A small number of emergency medicines were held in-stock and we saw these were stored appropriately and in-date.

The service had an incident and accident process in place, which included incidents with equipment failing and contacting companies about products.

Patients could access the service's complaints process on its website. This included the contact details of Healthcare Improvement Scotland, should this be the complainant's preferred option. The service had not received any complaints since its registration with Healthcare Improvement Scotland in September 2022.

Duty of candour where healthcare organisations have a professional responsibility to be honest with patients when things go wrong. The duty of candour process had not been triggered since registration.

Patient care records were on an electronic format and were password-protected. Before their appointment, patients were sent a consent form and health questionnaire electronically. Patients were also sent pre-treatment and aftercare information before their appointment to allow them to be fully informed before they attended the clinic. The provider was registered with the Information Commissioner's Office.

The service had a practicing privileges policy in place which highlighted the process of making sure a suitably qualified professional was working in the service. The service had a process in place for obtaining the appropriate checks, including:

- an application process
- appropriate qualifications, and
- completion of a Disclosure Scotland Protecting Vulnerable groups check, and
- indemnity insurance.

These checks were stored in a staff file. Staff had an appraisal carried out every year, which included reviewing and setting personal development objectives.

The owner (practitioner) was a member of a number of aesthetic groups for example Aesthetic Complication Expert (ACE), and the British Association of Cosmetic Nurses (BACN).

What needs to improve

While we saw appropriate cleaning products, the service used the mops and buckets belonging to the wellness centre in which the clinic was based. The service should consider using its own cleaning equipment to avoid cross-contamination with other services (recommendation d).

A checklist was in place which showed regular checks carried out on the expiry dates of the emergency medicines. However, the service did not have a

checklist in place for the regular cleaning process and the expiry dates of singleuse equipment (recommendation e).

The service had not published a yearly duty of candour report. This should be published every year, even when it has not been triggered (recommendation f).

■ No requirements.

Recommendation d

■ The service should ensure it uses its own cleaning equipment to clean the service.

Recommendation e

■ The service should develop checklists to demonstrate the cleaning process and the regular checks carried out on single-use equipment.

Recommendation f

■ The service should publish a yearly duty of candour report.

Planning for quality

The service had completed a range of risk assessments, such as a fire risk assessment, a COVID-19 risk assessment and for transferring clinical waste between the provider's services in Dumfries and Wigtown.

A programme of clinical audits was carried out, these included audits for:

- infection prevention and control
- medicine management, and
- patient care records.
- the service's patient survey processes.

The patient care record audit showed some records had important patient details missing, this was actioned and further staff training was carried out.

The owner practitioner would discuss findings of the audits with the beauty therapists at their catch-up meetings.

The provider had a quality improvement plan in place which addressed aspects in infection prevention and control, health and safety and staff development. These aspects were dated once completed.

What needs to improve

We saw some appropriate risk assessments in place. However, these should be further developed to include all risks in the service, such as the risk of trips and falls. While the risk assessments were stored in a file, the service did not have a risk register to demonstrate a process of review (recommendation g).

■ No requirements.

Recommendation g

■ The service should further expand the risk assessments completed and these should be stored as a risk register.

Key Focus Area: Results

Domain 6: Relationships

Domain 7: Quality control

How well has the service demonstrated that it provides safe, person-centred care?

Our findings

The environment was clean and in a good state of repair. Patients told us they felt valued and fully informed about the treatments. Patient care records were comprehensive. A process for checking staff have appropriate insurance should be in place.

Every year, we ask the service to submit an annual return. This gives us essential information about the service such as composition, activities, incidents and accidents, and staffing details. The service was not requested to complete an annual return.

As part of the inspection process, we ask the service to submit a self-evaluation. The questions in the self-evaluation are based on our Quality Assurance Framework and ask the service to tell us what it does well, what improvements could be made and how it intends to make those improvements. The service submitted a comprehensive self-evaluation.

The environment was clean and in a good state of repair. There were appropriate cleaning products in use. There was a good supply of personal protective equipment which included aprons, gloves and face masks.

We reviewed four patient care records. We saw a good process of recording patient information we reviewed, such as their:

- contact details (including contact details for the patient's GP and next of kin)
- date of birth, and
- name.

The consent forms were completed in all patient care records we reviewed. The consent form included information on the risks and benefits of the treatment. The patient had signed each consent form and these included their consent to share information with GP and next of kin in an emergency. Treatment information was sent to the patient before treatment started.

The patient's past medical history, current medicines and allergies were completed each time the patient had a treatment.

From reviewing the staff file of the beauty therapist, we saw that the service had completed a recruitment process. We saw evidence of a completed induction programme that addressed policies and processes, health and safety aspects and fire safety training.

Patients who completed our online survey told us:

- 'Everything explained clearly in each session, and questions answered well.'
- 'From booking the appointment through to the treatment and after-care, the service was excellent.'
- 'I feel valued, and always welcome.'

What needs to improve

While we saw we saw that appropriate checks had been carried out on the staff member before they started working in the service, we saw no evidence that the service had checked if their insurance policy was up to date (recommendation h).

■ No requirements.

Recommendation h

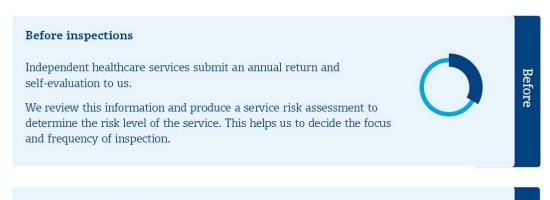
■ The service should develop a process of checking the insurance policy of staff working under practicing privileges every year.

Appendix 1 – About our inspections

Our quality assurance system and the quality assurance framework allow us to provide external assurance of the quality of healthcare provided in Scotland.

Our inspectors use this system to check independent healthcare services regularly to make sure that they are complying with necessary standards and regulations. Inspections may be announced or unannounced.

We follow a number of stages to inspect independent healthcare services.



During inspections

We use inspection tools to help us assess the service.

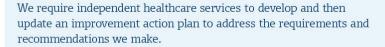
Inspections will be a mix of physical inspection and discussions with staff, people experiencing care and, where appropriate, carers and families.

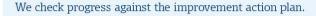


We give feedback to the service at the end of the inspection.

After inspections

We publish reports for services and people experiencing care, carers and families based on what we find during inspections. Independent healthcare services use our reports to make improvements and find out what other services are doing well. Our reports are available on our website at: www.healthcareimprovementscotland.org







More information about our approach can be found on our website: https://www.healthcareimprovementscotland.org/scrutiny/the_quality_assurance_system.aspx

Complaints

If you would like to raise a concern or complaint about an independent healthcare service, you can complain directly to us at any time. However, we do suggest you contact the service directly in the first instance.

Our contact details are:

Healthcare Improvement Scotland Gyle Square 1 South Gyle Crescent Edinburgh EH12 9EB

Telephone: 0131 623 4300

Email: his.ihcregulation@nhs.scot

You can read and download this document from our website. We are happy to consider requests for other languages or formats. Please contact our Equality and Diversity Advisor on 0141 225 6999 or email his.contactpublicinvolvement@nhs.scot

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